

Safety and efficacy of taurolidine/urokinase versus taurolidine/heparin as a tunneled catheter lock solution in hemodialysis patients: a prospective, randomized, controlled study

Fadwa Al-Ali, Ahmad F. Hamdy, Abdullah Hamad, Mohamed Elsayed, Zafar Zafar Iqbal, Aisha Elsayed, Rania Ibrahim, Hoda Tolba, Hisham Buanan and Ashraf Fawzy

Nephrology Department, Hamad Medical Corp., Doha, Qatar

Correspondence and offprint requests to: Fadwa Al-Ali; E-mail: falali1@hamad.qa

ABSTRACT

Background. Taurolidine citrate with heparin (Taurolock/Hep) is a promising central venous catheter lock solution. Despite its universal use among our hemodialysis patients, the prevalence of catheter malfunction was high. We aimed to compare Taurolock/Hep and taurolidine citrate with urokinase (Taurolock/U) as a catheter lock solution in order to identify whether either solution could reduce catheter-related dysfunction.

Methods. In this prospective, randomized, controlled trial, patients were randomized to receive either Taurolock/Hep or Taurolock/U and were followed for 6 months. Episodes of acute catheter thrombosis, requirement of recombinant tissue plasminogen activator (rt-PA) and incidence of catheter-related blood stream infection (CRBSI) were recorded, along with dialysis adequacy (Kt/V), blood flow rates (BFRs) and adverse events.

Results. There were 93 inclusions (85 patients) in the Taurolock/Hep group and 84 inclusions in the Taurolock/U group (79 patients). Three catheters were removed in the Taurolock/Hep group because of acute thrombosis, while no catheter was removed for the same reason in the Taurolock/U group. The total number of all-causes catheter exchange (acute thrombosis and CRBSI) was significantly lower in Taurolock/U group ($P = 0.028$). rt-PA was used significantly less often in the Taurolock/U group than in the Taurolock/Hep group ($P = 0.006$). Moreover, higher BFR and Kt/V were noted in the Taurolock/U group than in the Taurolock/Hep group, although the differences were not uniformly significant.

Conclusion. Taurolock/U is a safe and effective tunneled dialysis catheter lock solution, with a low rate of catheter exchange.

Keywords: catheter lock solution, catheter-related dysfunction, hemodialysis, taurolidine/heparin, taurolidine/urokinase

INTRODUCTION

The use of tunneled catheters in hemodialysis is one of the leading causes of morbidity and mortality among dialysis patients [1]. The drawbacks include recurrent thrombosis, which decreases the dialyzed dose of dialysis and increases the rate of catheter-related blood stream infection (CRBSI) [2]. Although the National Kidney Foundation Kidney Disease Clinical Quality Initiative (NKF KDOQI) guidelines [3] have recommended that use $\geq 10\%$ of dialysis failure among patients on dialysis should be considered an infection, the prevalence of tunneled catheters is still high in most countries, including the USA, where the prevalence is $\sim 38\text{--}59\%$ according to the United States Renal Data System 2009 annual report [4]. Among dialysis units in the state of Qatar, the prevalence of tunneled catheter use is high at $\sim 74\%$, which can be attributed mainly to patient refusal for the creation of an arteriovenous fistula (AVF), as well as the high number of medically unfit patients [5]. Catheter malfunction due to thrombosis is considered as the most frequently encountered complication and is responsible for about two thirds of all cases of catheter removal among tunneled catheter patients [6].

Studies have shown that recombinant tissue plasminogen activator (rt-PA) is an effective treatment to restore the patency of the distal catheter with a high safety margin [7], and this was further confirmed in a meta-analysis [8]. Recently, the use of rt-PA in combination with heparin was shown to be significantly better with the use of a PA over heparin than with the use of heparin alone, mainly as a lock solution for central venous catheters [9]. However, the use of rt-PA will add a further burden on dialysis resources as rt-PA is both expensive and not commonly available in all dialysis units.

Taurolidine citrate in combination with heparin (Taurolock/Hep) is an emerging antithrombotic catheter lock solution

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